MEASURE TODAY. ENSURE TOMORROW.



# **SpireMag Series MAG888-DC** Battery-Powered Magnetic Flow Meter

Standalone ! No Wiring ! Plug & Play ! Telemetry Ready !





Integral type

Integral type with GSM / GPRS Wireless

The SpireMag series MAG888-DC flowmeter is

a battery-powered high-performance magnetic

wastewater industry to accurately measure the

MAG888-DC is ideal for remote locations in

municipal, irrigation, wastewater treatment and

industrial liquid processes industries where no

water meter designed for the water and

water flow in closed conduits.

power connection is available.

Remote Type

- Stand alone water meter with battery lifetime for more than 4 years. Easy battery change
- Billing grade with class 0.5 accuracy
- Plug and play. No need for programming, no need for wiring
- Compact and rugged design. IP68 submersible
- Large measurement range. Bi-directional
- No moving parts to wear and tear. Maintenance free
- Short straight-pipe run requirement. Suitable for any desired installation location
- Optional GSM/GPRS wireless and turnkey data service. Battery powered for more than 3 years





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# **Applications**

- · Accurate water metering for water consumption and revenue generation
- Water metering in remote locations
- Potable water metering
- Irrigation water metering
- · Wastewater and raw water metering
- Water distribution network monitoring
- Leakage detection
- Pump performance monitoring

# **Specifications**

Nominal Size	DN15 (½″)~DN800 (32″)								
Accuracy	±0.5%								
Measurement Range	0~±15m/s (±49ft/s)								
Nominal Pressure	<ul> <li>DN15~DN100 (0.5"~4"): 2.5MPa (362psig)</li> <li>DN125~DN250 (5"~10"): 1.6MPa (232psig)</li> <li>DN300~DN800 (12"~32"): 1.0MPa (145psig)</li> <li>Higher pressure rating is available upon request</li> </ul>								
Medium Electrical Conductivity	≥ 20us/cm								
Medium Temperature	-10°C ~ +100°C (14°F ~ 212°F)								
Display	Large LCD for displaying instantaneous flow, forward flow total, reverse flow total and alarm								
Recordable parameters	Accumulative total of flow, 32 events								
Alarms	Fluid empty-tube alarm Excitation current alarm Battery capacity low alarm								
Totalizer	Built-in forward flow totalizer and reverse flow totalizer								

\*Note: This device is not recommended for pulp applications.



Output Signals	Pulse output (optional for integral type or for remote type with battery power supply only) Pulse/Frequency output (for remote type with dual power supply only) Dry Contact interface for pulse output. 0.001L ~ 1m <sup>3</sup> per pulse.										
Communication (optional)	<ul> <li>RS485/Modbus (for remote type)</li> <li>GSM or GPRS Wireless Note: with GPRS, a server with Static IP address is needed or you can use our data service</li> <li>CDMA wireless</li> </ul>										
Lining Material	Rubber, PTFE, Polyurethane										
Electrode Material	316L SS, Hastelloy B, Hastelloy C, Titanium, Tantalum										
Sensor Body Material	<ul> <li>Measuring tube: stainless steel</li> <li>Housing: carbon steel as standard offer. Stainless steel available upon request</li> <li>Flange: carbon steel as standard offer. Stainless steel available upon request</li> </ul>										
Excitation Frequency	<ul> <li>1/30Hz (default): longer battery life but slower response</li> <li>1/15Hz: shorter battery life but faster response</li> </ul>										
Pipe Connection	<ul><li>DIN flange as standard offer</li><li>ASME ANSI flange</li></ul>										
Ambient Condition	-10°C ~ +60°C (14°F ~ 140°F), Humidity <95%										
Power Supply*	<ul> <li>For battery-only flowmeter (integral type, Model# MAG888-DC-1/2): 3.6V built-in Li batteries. Lifetime: more than 4 years</li> <li>For GSM/GPRS (integral type): up to 3 years. Easy to replace</li> <li>For flowmeter with dual-power supply (remote type, Model# MAG888-DC-3): 3.6V built-in Li batteries, plus interface for external DC power supply – 24VDC/1A.</li> </ul>										
Protection Class	<ul> <li>For integral type: IP68 submersible</li> <li>For remote type: <ul> <li>a. IP68 for Flow sensor, IP65 for converter</li> <li>b. IP68 for Flow sensor, IP68 for converter</li> <li>(The cable length between converter and flow sensor is 15m, up to 25m)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>										
Structure Type*	<ul> <li>Integral type</li> <li>Remote type:</li> <li>Remote type with battery-only power supply</li> <li>Remote type with dual power supply (external 24VDC power source is required)</li> </ul>										

\*Note: Battery-only powered flowmeter is good for flow which does not change fast. It measures the flow once every 15s to save battery. You may program the measurement to a shorter interval, but the battery will be consumed faster. For a fast changing flow, you may consider the dual power model.







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			Dimension										
Nominal Size	Nominal Pressure*		L	ŀ	H	D	**	Weight**					
	Tressure	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lbs				
15 (1⁄2″)		200	7.9	220	8.7	80	3.1	8	0.3				
20 (¾")		200	7.9	220	8.7	90	3.5	10	0.4				
25 (1″)	2.5 MPa	200	7.9	223	8.8	100	3.9	12	0.5				
32 (1 ¼")	(362psig)	200	7.9	240	9.4	120	4.7	13	0.5				
40 (1 1⁄2″)		200	7.9	250	9.8	130	5.1	14	0.6				
50 (2")		200	7.9	263	10.4	140	5.5	15	0.6				
65 (2 ½")	1.6 MPa (232psig)	200	7.9	283	11.1	180	7.1	18	0.7				
80 (3″)		200	7.9	290	11.4	195	7.7	20	0.8				
100 (4")		250	9.8	318	12.5	215	8.5	25	1.0				
125 (5″)		250	9.8	350	13.8	245	9.6	28	1.1				
150 (6″)		300	11.8	380	15.0	280	11.0	30	1.2				
200 (8")		350	13.8	430	16.9	335	13.2	50	2.0				
250 (10")		450	17.7	495	19.5	405	15.9	70	2.8				
300 (12")		500	19.7	547	21.5	440	17.3	95	3.7				
350 (14")		550	21.7	602	23.7	500	19.7	120	4.7				
400 (16")		600	23.6	665	26.2	565	22.2	140	5.5				
450 (18")	1.0 MPa (145 psig)	600	23.6	720	28.3	615	24.2	160	6.3				
500 (20")		600	23.6	783	30.8	670	26.4	200	7.9				
600 (24")		600	23.6	897	35.3	780	30.7	280	11.				
700 (28″)		700	27.6	982	38.7	895	35.2	350	13.				
800 (32")		800	31.5	1092	43.0	1010	39.8	400	15.				

#### **Dimension and Pressure Rating of Flow Sensor (full bore only)**

### Dimension and Pressure Rating of Flanges (full bore flow sensor only)

		DIN F	lange (mm)			AI	NSI RF#150 Fla	nge (in)	
Nominal Size	Nominal Pressure*	Diameter of flange	Diameter of Bolts	No. of Bolts	Bolt Circle	Diameter of Flange	Diameter of bolts	No. of Bolts	Bolt Circle
15 (1/2")		80	12	4	55	3 1/2	1/2	4	2 3/8
20 (¾")		90	12	4	60	3 1/8	1/2	4	2 3⁄4
25 (1″)	2.5 MPa	100	12	4	75	4 1⁄4	1/2	4	3 1/8
32 (1 ¼″)	(362psig)	120	14	4	80	4 1/8	1/2	4	3 1/2
40 (1 ½″)		130	14	4	100	5	1/2	4	3 1/8
50 (2")	-	140	14	4	110	6	5/8	4	4 3⁄4
65 (2 ½″)		180	18	4	145	7	5/8	4	5 1/2
80 (3″)		195	18	8	160	7 1/2	5/8	4	6
100 (4")		215	18	8	180	9	5/8	8	7 1/2
125 (5″)	1.6 MPa (232psig)	245	18	8	210	10	3/4	8	8 1/2
150 (6")	(zszpsig)	280	23	8	240	11	3/4	8	9 1/2
200 (8")		335	23	12	295	13 ½	3/4	8	11 3⁄4
250 (10")		405	25	12	355	16	7⁄8	12	14 1⁄4
300 (12")		440	23	12	400	19	7/8	12	17
350 (14")		500	23	16	460	21	1	12	18 3⁄4
400 (16")		565	25	16	515	23 1/2	1	16	21 1⁄4
450 (18")	1.0 MPa	615	25	20	565	25	1 1/8	16	22 3⁄4
500 (20")	(145psig)	670	25	20	620	27 ½	1 1/8	20	25
600 (24")	1	780	30	20	725	32	1 1⁄4	20	29 ½
700 (28″)	1	895	30	24	840		·		
800 (32")	1	1010	34	24	950	1			

#### Notes:

\* For metric flange only. If ANSI RF150# flange is chosen, the pressure should exceed that allowed by the ANSI flange spec. \*\*May vary with ANSI flange





## **Flow Sensor Selection**

#### **Liner Material Selection**

Liner material	Main performance	Applications
Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	<ol> <li>A plastic material with the most stable chemical properties, able to resist the corrosion of boiling hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, aqua regia, concentrated alkali and many kinds of organic solvent.</li> <li>Unable to resist the corrosion of chlorine trifluoride, high temperature vanadyltrifluoride, high flow-rate liquid fluorine, liquid oxygen and ozon.</li> <li>Poor abrasion resistance.</li> <li>Poor ability of anti-negative pressure.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1. 100°C (212°F)</li> <li>Strong corrosive medium like concentrated acid, alkali, and more.</li> <li>Sanitary medium.</li> </ol>
Chloroprene rubber (Neoprene rubber)	<ol> <li>Excellent elasticity, retractility and abrasion resistance. High degree of tensile strength, good wear resistance.</li> <li>Able to resist the corrosion of low concentration acid, alkali and salt, but unable to resist that of the oxidative medium.</li> </ol>	1. <80°C (176°F) 2. Water, sewage and slurry, polluted water, mineral serosity of low abrasion.
Polyurethane rubber	<ol> <li>Excellent wear resistance (ten times higher than that of the natural rubber).</li> <li>Not suitable in acid and alkali resistance.</li> <li>Unable to work with water mixed with organic solvent.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>&lt;80°C (176°F).</li> <li>Middle and strong wear ability for mud.</li> <li>High abrasion liquids such as mineral rich liquids, slurry and coal slurry.</li> </ol>

### **Electrode Material Selection**

Materials of Electrode	Applications
Mo-containing stainless steel (0Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti)	Liquids with weak corrosivity, such as industrial water, sewage, wastewater, polluted water, are widely used in industries like oil, chemical, petrochemical, urea, vinylon, carbamide, etc.
Hastelloy B (HB)	Good corrosion resistance of different concentration of hydrochloric acid under boiling point, resist the corrosion of non-oxidizing acid, alkali, non-oxidizing salt solution, such as sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, organic acid, etc.
Hastelloy C (HC)	Able to resist the corrosion of oxidizing acid, such as nitric acid, mixed acid, the mixture of chromic acid and sulfuric acid, oxidizing salt like Fe+++,Cu++ or other oxidants such as hypochlorite solution above ordinary temperature and seawater
Titanium (Ti)	Seawater, chloride, hypochlorite salt, oxidable acid, organic acid, alkali, etc. Unable to resist the corrosion of purer reducing acid like sulfuric acid and hydrochloric acid. The corrosivity of alpha hydroxy acids will be substantially decreased if there are oxidants such as nitric acid, Fe+++, Cu++, etc. in it.
Tantalum (Ta)	The corrosion resistance of tantalum is as good as glass. Except hydrofluoric acid, fuming nitric acid and alkali, it is able to resist the corrosion of almost any other chemical media.







As there are a great variety of mediums and the corrosiveness of each medium could significantly depend on temperature, concentration, flow rate and more, the above two tables can only be used as references. Users should make a choice according to the actual situation of their applications. If necessary, corrosion resistance experiments such as a hanging sheet experiment using similar material should be performed.

### Grounding

In general, extra grounding accessory is not needed for water flow in metal pipes which have normally been connected to Earth ground already. However, if the pipe is plastic or the pipe is not Earth grounded, you may consider the following accessories.

Туре	Applications
Tri-electrode	Economical. Recommended. This is not a separate part. It is part of the electrode. Therefore, it cannot be ordered separately. Applicable to non-conductive pipeline such as plastic pipeline.
Grounding Ring	Economical. Applicable to non-conductive pipeline such as plastic pipeline. However, it is not required for the sensor with polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) liner.
Grounding Flange	Higher cost but better grounding. Applicable to non-conductive pipeline such as plastic pipeline. However, it is not required for the sensor with polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) liner.

### **Nominal Diameter Selection**

- 1. MAG888-DC electromagnetic flowmeter has a high rangeability. Thus, you may select the nominal diameter of flow sensor to be the same as that of the process pipe.
- 2. If there are solid particles in the measured medium, a flow velocity range of  $1\sim 3m/s$  ( $3\sim 10$  ft/s) is recommended.
  - If the actual flow velocity is over this range yet inconvenient to reduce, it is recommended to select a nominal diameter larger than that of the process pipe. As such, the flow velocity in the measuring tube of the sensor can be properly decreased and the abrasion of electrode and liner caused by the particles can be alleviated.
  - If the actual flow velocity is below this range yet inconvenient to increase, it is recommended to select a nominal diameter smaller than that of the process pipe. As such, the flow velocity in the measuring tube of the sensor can be properly increased in order to avoid particle deposition and related accuracy degradation.





3. If the flow rate is too small yet a high accuracy measurement is required, you may select a sensor nominal diameter smaller than that of the process pipe. This is to increase the velocity thus to increase the accuracy.v

When you select a flow sensor which nominal diameter is different from the process pipe, a size adaption pipe should be jointed to both the upstream and downstream of the flow sensor. The center taper angle should be no more than 150° and there should be a straight pipe at least 5 times of the process pipe diameter jointed to the adaption pipe.

To help sensor size selection, please consult the following table which shows the flow rate of each size at different flow velocity.

Velocity m/s(ft/s) Flowrate m <sup>3</sup> /h (gpm) Diameter mm (inch)	0.01(0.03)	1 (3.28)	2 (6.56)	3 (9.84) 4 (13.12)		5 (16.4)	15 (49.2) (Max)
15 (1/2")	0.006 (0.026)	0.64(2.82)	1.27(5.60)	1.9(8.40)	2.5(11.20)	3.2(14.00)	9.5(41.99)
20 (¾")	0.011 (0.048)	1.13(4.97)	2.26(9.95)	3.4(14.93)	4.5(19.91)	5.6(24.88)	16.9(74.64)
25 (1")	0.018 (0.079)	1.77(7.79)	3.53(15.55)	5.3(23.33)	7.1(31.10)	8.8(38.88)	26.5(116.63)
40 (1 ½")	0.45 (1.98)	4.52(19.89)	9.04(39.81)	13.5(59.72)	18.1(79.62)	22.6(99.53)	67.8(298.58)
50 (2")	0.07 (0.31)	7.07(31.11)	14.13(62.20)	21.2(93.31)	28.2(124.41)	35.3(155.51)	106.0(466.53)
65 (2 ½″)	0.12 (0.53)	11.95(52.58)	23.89(105.12)	35.8(157.69)	47.7(210.25)	59.7(262.81)	179.2(788.43)
80 (3")	0.18(0.79)	18.1(79.64)	36.19(159.24)	54.3(238.86)	72.3(318.48)	90.4(398.10)	271.4(1194.31)
100 (4")	0.28(1.23)	28.27(124.41)	56.5(248.81)	84.8(373.22)	113.1(497.63)	141.3(622.04)	424.1(1866.11)
150 (6″)	0.63(2.80)	63.61(279.92)	127.2(559.83)	190.8(839.75)	254.4(1119.66)	318.1(1399.58)	954.2(4198.74)
200 (8")	1.13(4.98)	113.1(497.63)	226.1(995.26)	339.3(1492.88)	452.3(1990.51)	565.4(2488.14)	1696.4(7464.42)
250 (10")	1.76(7.78)	176.7(777.54)	353.4(1555.09)	530.1(2332.63)	706.8(3110.18)	883.5(3887.72)	2650.7(11663.16)
300 (12")	2.54(11.2)	254.4(1119.66)	508.9(2239.33)	763.4(3358.99)	1017.8(4478.65)	1272.3(5598.32)	3817.0(16794.95)
350 (14")	3.46(15.2)	346.3(1990.51)	692.7(3047.97)	1039.1(4571.96)	1385.4(6095.95)	1731.8(7619.93)	5195.4(22859.80)
400 (16")	4.52(19.91)	452.3(4478.65)	904.7(3981.03)	1357.1(5971.54)	1809.5(7962.05)	2261.9(9952.57)	6785.8(29857.70)
450 (18")	5.72(25.19)	572.5(2519.24)	1145.1(5038.49)	1717.6(7557.73)	2290.2(10076.97)	2962.7(13036.22)	8588.3(37788.65)
500 (20")	7.06(31.10)	706.8(3110.18)	1413.7(6220.35)	2120.5(9330.53)	2827.4(12440.71)	3534.3(15550.88)	10602.8(46652.65)
600 (24")	10.17(44.79)	1017.8(4478.65)	2035.7(8957.31)	3053.6(13435.96)	4071.5(17914.62)	5089.3(22393.27)	15268.1(67179.82)

#### **Comparison Table of Flow Velocity and Flowrate**





### **How to Order**

Please select one option (ID) from each category.

<b>MAG888-D</b>	C-[_	╞──╵	-			-L_	]=L_	]-[		] <b>-</b> [_	]-[	=	Ц			
Туре*	ID													ID	Cable Length	
Integral Type (Default)	1	-											-	А	15m	
Remote Type	2	-											_	В	25m	
Remote Type with Dual Power Supply	3	-											D	Gr	ounding	
	1	-											A	Nor	ne (Default)	
Wireless		ID											В	Tri-	electrode	
None		0											С	Gro	ound Ring	
With GSM Wireless (Output must be A-None	)	1										_	D	Gro	und Flange	
With GPRS Wireless (Output must be A-None	)	2										DF	lar	ıge		
											1	I D	N I	flang	e (Default)	
Unit System			ID								2	2 A	NSI	RF#	<sup>±</sup> 150 (for size up to 24")	
Metric System			DN								-	3 A	NSI	RF#	125 (for size larger than 24'')	
English System			IN									t C	the	r, ple	ase specify	
Calibre				ID								Out	tpu	t		
DN15 (½")			0	015 (00	50)	1				A	1	Non	e (D	)efau	lt)	
DN20 (¾")			0020 (0075)			_				В	F	Pulse	e (no	ot ava	ilable if wireless is selected)	
DN25 (1")			0	0025 (0100)						С			3485/Modbus and Pulse or remote type with dual power sup			
DN32 (1 ¼")			0	032 (01	25)	_								virele		
DN40 (1 ½")			0	0040 (0150)						D	0	Othe	er, pl	specify		
DN50 (2")			0	050 (02	.00)	_				1						
DN65 (2 ½")			0	065 (02	50)	_			ID	Ele	ect	roc	de	Ma	terial	
DN80 (3")			0	080 (03	00)	_			1	316	SLS	S (O	Cr1	8N1	12M02Ti) (default)	
DN100 (4")			0	100 (04	00)	_			2	HC	(H	aste	lloy	C)		
DN125 (5")			0	125 (05	00)	_			3	Ti (	Tit	aniu	m)			
DN150 (6'')			0	150 (06	00)	-			4	Otł	her,	plea	se s	peci	fy	
DN200 (8'')			0	200 (08	800)	_			1							
DN250 (10")			0	250 (10	00)	_		ID	Lir		M	ate	eria	l		
DN300 (12'')			0	300 (12	.00)	_		Α	PTF							
						_		В	Chl	oro	pre	ne R	ubb	er (f	or DN50/2" or above only)	
DN800 (32'')			0	800 (32	.00)	-		С	Oth	ner, p	plea	lse s	peci	fy		
*Note: battery-only type	(Mor	lel# M	IAG888	-DC-1/2	) is		ID	No	mir	nal	Pr	ess	ur	е		
, , ,,	`						1	2.5	1Pa (	362	psig	g) / C	DN1	5-50	) (½"-2")	
good for relatively constant flow. For fa please consider the dual-power type (/				5	,		2								0 (2½" <b>-</b> 10")	

\*N g00 please consider the dual-power type (Model# MAG888-DC-3) which needs a 24VDC external power supply.

#### Example

#### Model# MAG888-DC-10-DN0100-2A1A1B

stands for integral type battery powered magnetic flowmeter of size DN100mm with PTFE liner, 316L SS tri-electrode, DIN flange, rated for 1.6MPa.

3

4 Other, please specify



1.0MPa (145psig) / DN300-8000 (12"-32")